

## Description

The OPA2330AIDR of CMOS operational amplifiers offer precision performance at a very competitive price. These devices are members simultaneously provide low offset voltage (50- $\mu$ V maximum) and near-zero drift over time and temperature at only 35  $\mu$ A (maximum) of quiescent current. The OPA330 family features rail-to-rail input and output in addition to near-flat 1/f noise, making this amplifier ideal for many applications and much easier to design into a system. These devices are optimized for low-voltage operation as low as 1.8 V ( $\pm$ 0.9 V) and up to 5.5 V ( $\pm$ 2.75 V).

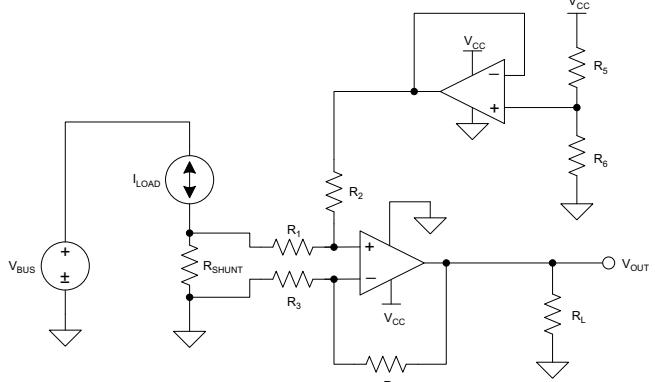
## Applications

- Battery-Powered Instruments
- Temperature Measurements
- Transducer Applications
- Electronic Scales
- Medical Instrumentation
- Handheld Test Equipment
- Current Sense

## Features

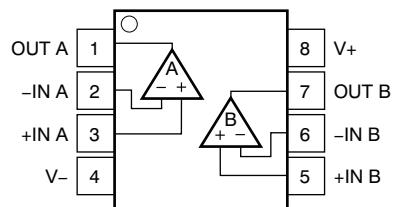
- Unmatched Price Performance
- Low Offset Voltage: 50  $\mu$ V (Maximum)
- Zero Drift: 0.25  $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C (Maximum)
- Low Noise: 1.1  $\mu$ V<sub>PP</sub>, 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz
- Quiescent Current: 35  $\mu$ A (Maximum)
- Supply Voltage: 1.8 V to 5.5 V
- Rail-to-Rail Input and Output
- Internal EMI Filtering

### Bidirectional, Low-Side Current Sense



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**OPA2330:SOP-8 Top View**



**Pin Functions: OPA2330**

PIN			I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	SOP	SON		
-IN A	2	2	I	Negative (inverting) input signal, channel A
+IN A	3	3	I	Positive (noninverting) input signal, channel A
-IN B	6	6	I	Negative (inverting) input signal, channel B
+IN B	5	5	I	Positive (noninverting) input signal, channel B
OUT A	1	1	O	Output channel A
OUT B	7	7	O	Output channel B
V-	4	4	—	Negative (lowest) power supply
V+	8	8	—	Positive (highest) power supply

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voltage	Supply, V <sub>S</sub> = (V+) – (V–)		7	V
	Signal input terminals <sup>(2)</sup> (TBD should terminal be pin?)	(V–) –0.3	(V+) + 0.3	V
Current	Signal input terminals <sup>(2)</sup>	–10	10	mA
	Output short-circuit <sup>(3)</sup>	Continuous		
Temperature	Operating range, T <sub>A</sub>	–40	150	°C
	Junction, T <sub>J</sub>		150	°C
	Storage, T <sub>stg</sub>	–65	150	°C

## ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±4000
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>	±1000
		Machine model (MM)	±400

## Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
(V+) – (V–)	Supply voltage	±0.9 (1.8)	±2.5 (5)	±2.75 (5.5)	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Specified temperature	–40	25	125	°C

## Thermal Information: OPA2330

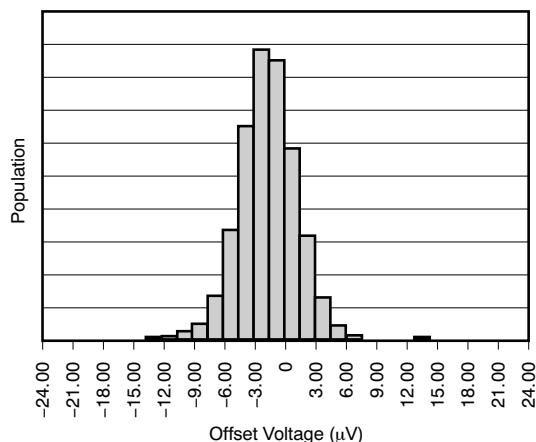
THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	OPA2330		UNIT	
	(SOP)			
	8 PINS			
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	124	°C/W	
R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	73.7	°C/W	
R <sub>θJB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	64.4	°C/W	
Ψ <sub>JT</sub>	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	18	°C/W	
Ψ <sub>JB</sub>	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	63.9	°C/W	
R <sub>θJC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	—	°C/W	

## Electrical Characteristics

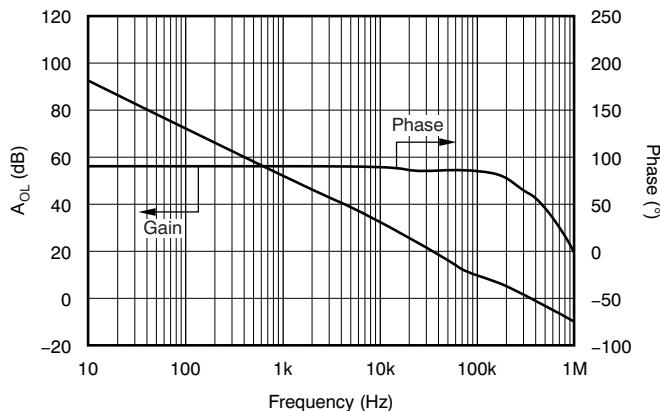
at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, R<sub>L</sub> = 10 k $\Omega$  connected to midsupply, V<sub>S</sub> = 1.8 V to 5.5 V, and V<sub>CM</sub> = V<sub>OUT</sub> = midsupply (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>OS</sub> Input offset voltage	V <sub>S</sub> = 5 V		8	50	$\mu$ V
dV <sub>OS</sub> /dT Input offset voltage versus temperature	At T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C		0.02	0.25	$\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C
PSRR Input offset voltage versus power supply	At T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C		1	10	$\mu$ V/V
Long-term stability <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>S</sub> = 1.8 V to 5.5 V		See <sup>(1)</sup>		
Channel separation, dc			0.1		$\mu$ V/V
I <sub>B</sub> Input bias current	At 25°C		$\pm$ 200	$\pm$ 500	pA
	At T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C		$\pm$ 300		pA
I <sub>OS</sub> Input offset current	At 25°C		$\pm$ 400	$\pm$ 1000	pA
					pA
e <sub>n</sub> Input voltage noise density	f = 1 kHz		55		nV/ $\sqrt$ Hz
	f = 0.01 Hz to 1 Hz		0.3		$\mu$ V <sub>PP</sub>
	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		1.1		$\mu$ V <sub>PP</sub>
i <sub>n</sub> Input current noise	f = 10 Hz		100		fA/ $\sqrt$ Hz
V <sub>CM</sub> Common-mode voltage range		(V-) - 0.1		(V+) + 0.1	V
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	At T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C, (V-) - 0.1 V < V <sub>CM</sub> < (V+) + 0.1 V	100	115		dB
	At T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C, (V-) - 0.1 V < V <sub>CM</sub> < (V+) + 0.1 V, V <sub>S</sub> = 5.5 V				dB
					dB
Differential			2		pF
Common-mode			4		pF
A <sub>OL</sub> Open-loop voltage gain	At T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C, (V-) + 100 mV < V <sub>O</sub> < (V+) - 100 mV, R <sub>L</sub> = 10 k $\Omega$	100	115		dB
GBW Gain-bandwidth product	C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		350		kHz
SR Slew rate	G = +1		0.16		V/ $\mu$ s
Voltage output swing from rail	At T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C		30	100	mV
I <sub>SC</sub> Short-circuit current			$\pm$ 5		mA
C <sub>L</sub> Capacitive load drive		See Typical Characteristics			
Open-loop output impedance	f = 350 kHz, I <sub>O</sub> = 0 mA		2		k $\Omega$
V <sub>S</sub> Specified voltage range		1.8		5.5	V
I <sub>Q</sub> Quiescent current per amplifier	At T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C, I <sub>O</sub> = 0 mA		21	35	$\mu$ A
Turnon time	V <sub>S</sub> = 5 V		100		$\mu$ s

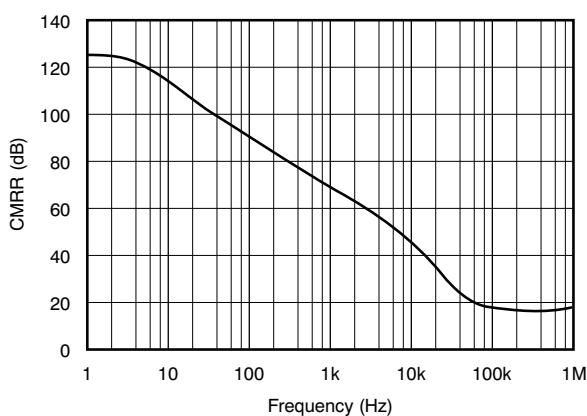
(1) 300-hour life test at 150°C demonstrated randomly distributed variation of approximately 1  $\mu$ V.



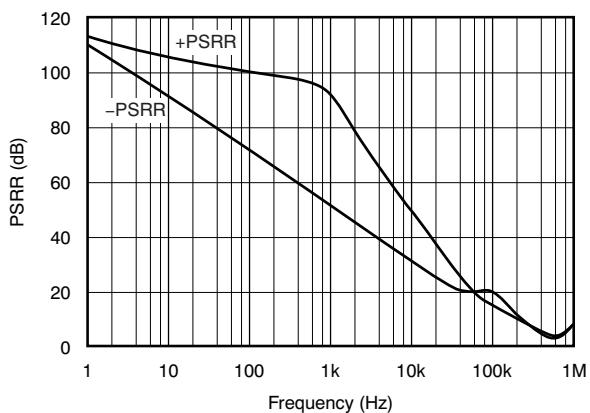
**Figure 1. Offset Voltage Production Distribution**



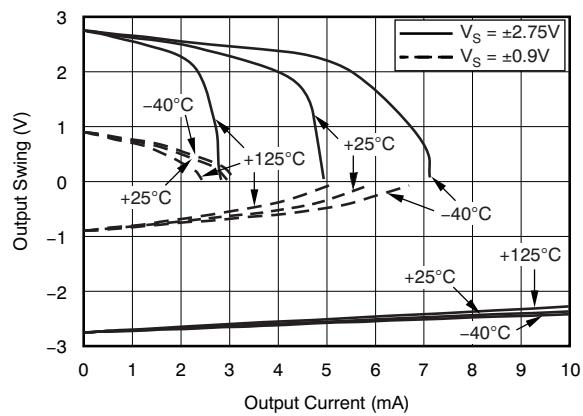
**Figure 2. Open-Loop Gain vs Frequency**



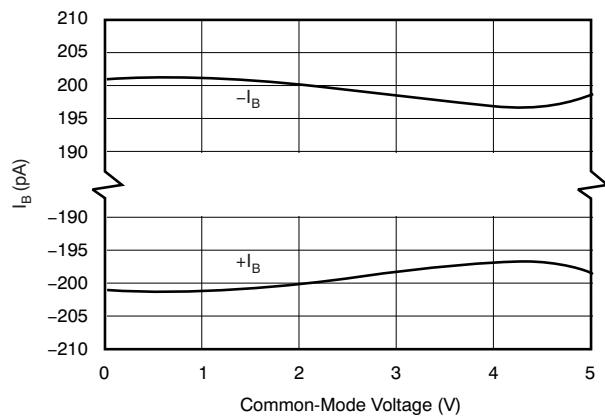
**Figure 3. Common-Mode Rejection Ratio vs Frequency**



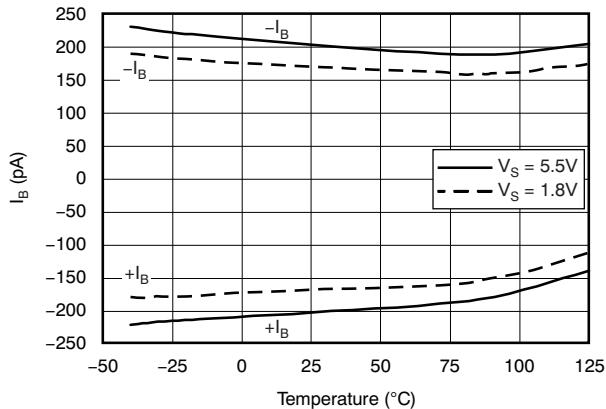
**Figure 4. Power-Supply Rejection Ratio vs Frequency**



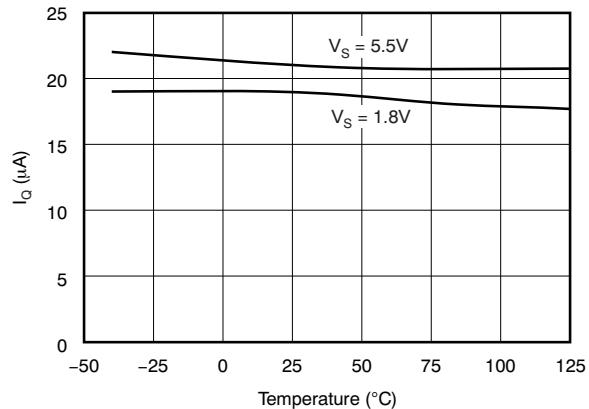
**Figure 5. Output Voltage Swing vs Output Current**



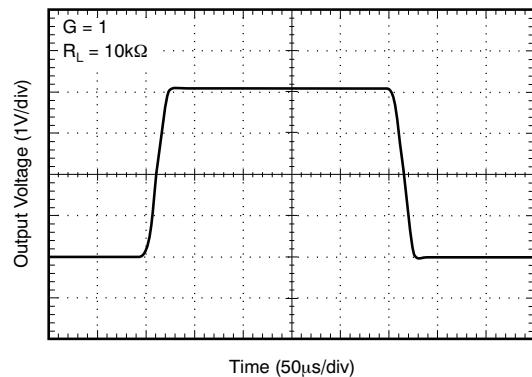
**Figure 6. Input Bias Current vs Common-Mode Voltage**



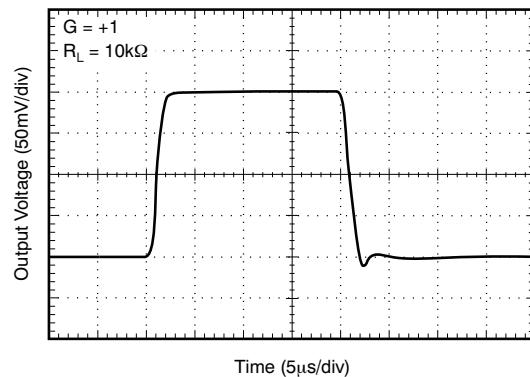
**Figure 7. Input Bias Current vs Temperature**



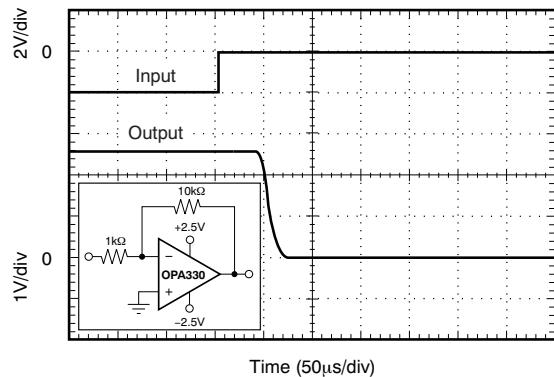
**Figure 8. Quiescent Current vs Temperature**



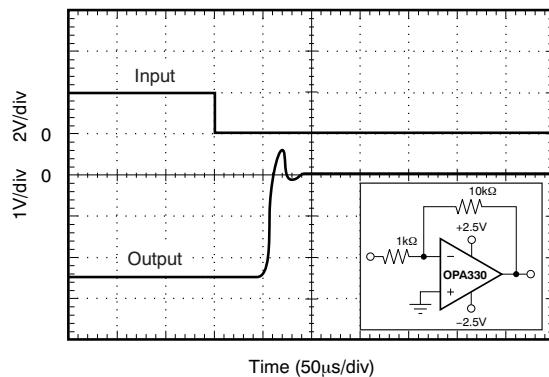
**Figure 9. Large-Signal Step Response**



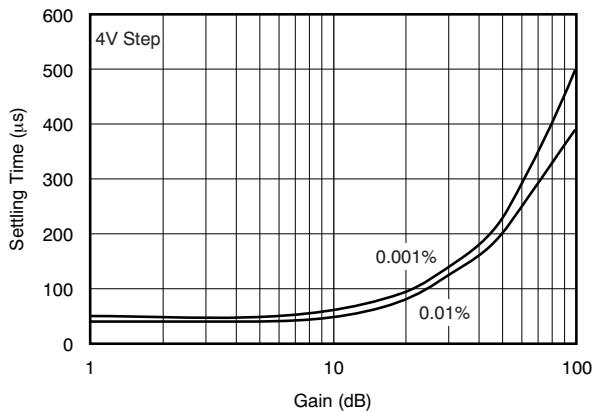
**Figure 10. Small-Signal Step Response**



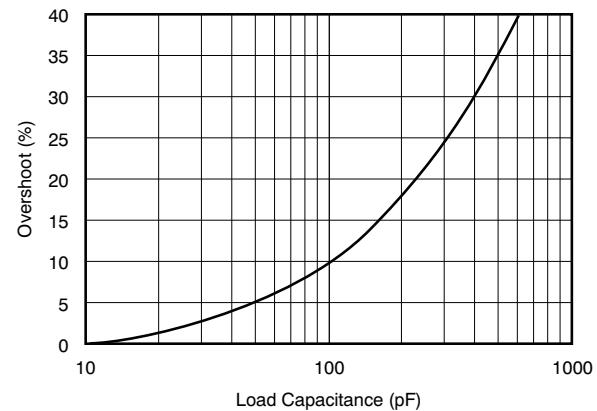
**Figure 11. Positive Overvoltage Recovery**



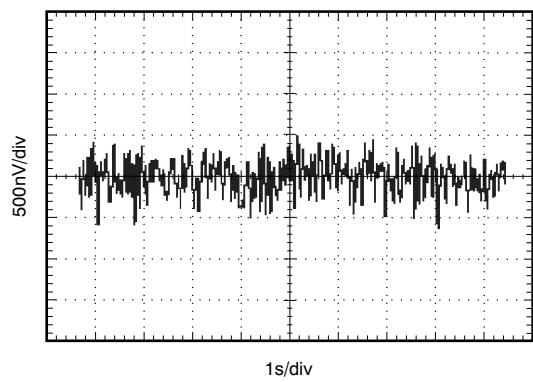
**Figure 12. Negative Overvoltage Recovery**



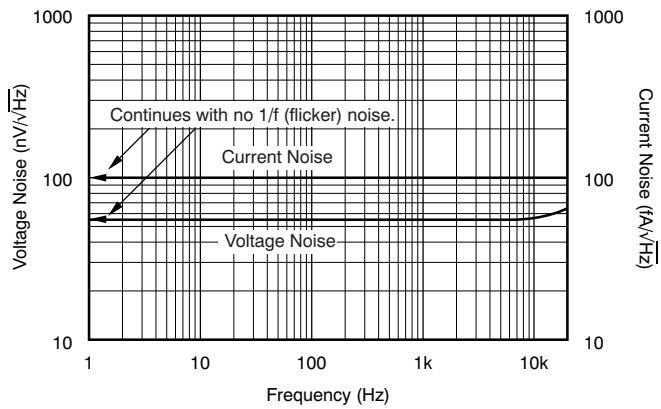
**Figure 13. Settling Time vs Closed-Loop Gain**



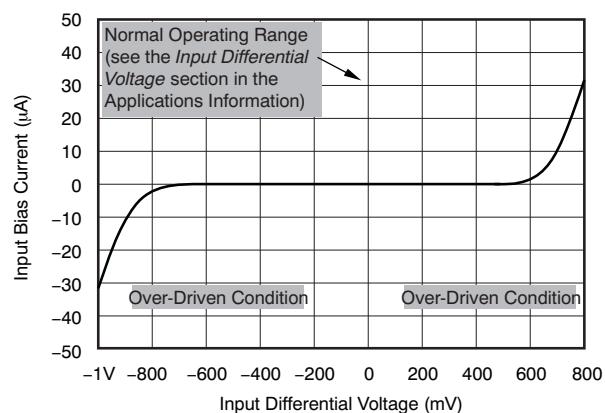
**Figure 14. Small-Signal Overshoot vs Load Capacitance**



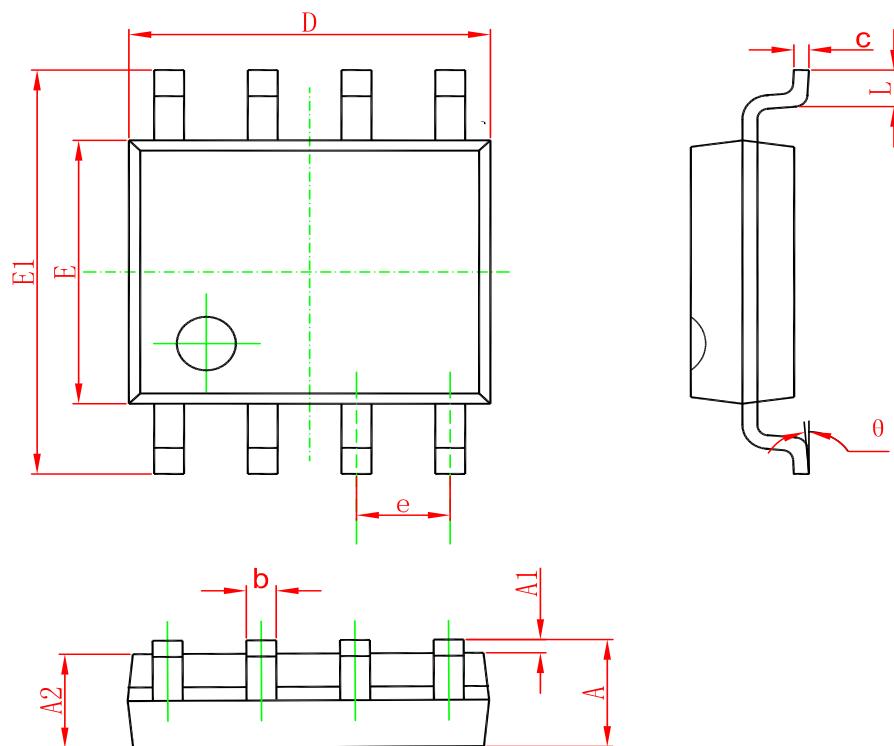
**Figure 15. 0.1-Hz to 10-Hz Noise**



**Figure 16. Current and Voltage Noise Spectral Density vs Frequency**

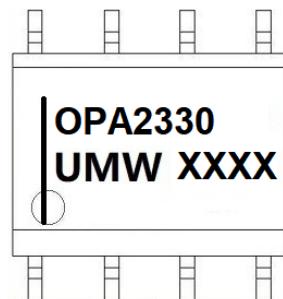


**Figure 17. Input Bias Current vs Input Differential Voltage**

**Package Dimension****SOP-8**

Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
c	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
e	1.270(BSC)		0.050(BSC)	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

## Marking



## Ordering information

Order code	Package	Baseqty	Deliverymode
UMW OPA2330AIDR	SOP-8	2500	Tape and reel